

POW OF NATION'S LARGE REVENUE

May Issue Five Billions In
Bonds For U. S. Ex-
penses

ADDITIONAL ISSUE FOR LOAN TO OUR ALLIES

Propose to Raise 300 Mil-
lions By Changing War
Tax Measure

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Washington, July 28.—Congress
today faced the task of raising \$7,-
000,000,000 of additional revenue
needed to run the government during
the coming year. This enormous
sum is called for in estimates furnished
by Secretary McAdoo putting
the cost of the war for the year at
\$16,735,807,000 exclusive of loans
to the allies. Should extension of
credit to the allies be continued at
the rate now prevailing, \$4,500,-
000,000 of new revenue would be re-
quired, bringing the grand total of
war expenditures for the year up to
more than \$15,000,000,000.

Ways and means of meeting the
new revenue requirements is to be
worked out by the house ways and
means and the senate finance com-
mittee to which the estimates were
submitted. It seemed to be generally
agreed today that of the total of
\$7,000,000,000, about \$2,000,000,-
000 would be raised by taxation and
the balance of issuance of bonds and
treasury certificates of indebtedness.

The senate finance committee to-
day continued work toward revising
the war tax bill in the light of the
new estimates. It is expected that
the bill which now totals about \$1,-
670,000,000 will be raised about
\$330,000,000, chiefly through the
imposition of increased excess profits,
and possibly tobacco taxes. This
would leave a balance of about \$5,-
000,000,000 of the new expenses to
be raised by bonds, for which author-
ization would be made in the tax
measure not including the additional
\$2,000,000,000 in bonds proposed by
Secretary McAdoo for further loans
to the allies. There is much senti-
ment in the senate committee to have
the new bonds in serial form and at
4 per cent interest.

RED CROSS WANTS 20 TRUCK DRIVERS, SERVICE IN FRANCE

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Washington, July 28.—Twenty
experienced truck-drivers, 20 helpers
and 10 expert mechanics are needed
immediately by the American Red
Cross for service in France, according
to cable advices today to the Red
Cross war council. The mechan-
ical squad will include master car-
penters, body-builders, painters, ma-
chists and electricians.

The men will operate and keep in
repair a number of two-ton automo-
bile trucks, used in transporting Red
Cross supplies from seaports to des-
tinations in the interior. Volunteers
beyond military age are desired. All
expenses will be paid, but the men
will be expected to work without
compensation.

MORE TROUBLE IS EXPECTED IN CHINA

Associated Press Correspondence
London, July 28.—The outlook
in China is very serious and com-
plete rupture between the north and
south seems inevitable, according to
a dispatch from Shanghai to the
Times. Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who re-
cently was reported to be leading the
rebels near Swatow, has gone to Can-
ton to organize a league of the
southern and southwestern prov-
inces. Proclamation refusing to rec-
ognize the government at Peking
have been issued in Kwang-Tung,
southern province.

NICK FALLS FROM BIKE HIS LEG IS FRACTURED

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
London, July 28.—A dispatch to
the Exchange Telegraph Company
from Petrograd says that former
Emperor Nicholas fell and broke his
leg while cycling in the gardens of
the Tsarskoe Selo palace where he
has been incarcerated since the revo-
lution.

JUDGE QUILTS TO JOIN ARMY, FATHER GETS APPOINTMENT

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Columbus, O., July 28.—When
Reil G. Alien resigned as judge of
the probate court of Fayette county
so that he might assume duties as
an officer of a Fourth Regiment
company, Governor Cox appointed his
father to succeed him. The appoint-
ment became known today.

THREE MILLION IN TITANIC LIFE PRESERVERS; RULES ARE NOT ORDERED

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
An European Port, July 28.—Another American contingent has safely
arrived and disembarked.

The American troops arrived by the same steamer wherein Kermit

Roosevelt, his wife and child traveled. When tugs went alongside the

vessel Friday the men were in high spirits and frequently shouted: "Are

we downhearted?" which was answered with a roaring "No" given with

great enthusiasm.

Representatives of the general staff watched the disembarkation. There

was no civil demonstration. Only a few spectators knew of the landing.

The tugs and the troops cheered back. The men embarked quickly

and left for their new quarters. A signal company remained at the port for

some hours and these were the only representatives of the contingent which

the public saw.

GOVERNMENT HAS NO COMMENT

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Washington, July 28.—The government withholds information or com-
ment on the foregoing dispatch.

NEW OFFICERS IN THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE ARE WINNING GREAT PRAISE

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
With the American Forces in France, Friday, July 27.—The hard training which the American troops are now undergoing is bringing out a marked degree of efficiency in ordinary marching tactics and general sitting-up instructions. They would then cross the ocean and the regimental staffs would be completed on this side from among the officers who already had undergone a course of study and training in the overchanging rules and practices of modern European warfare.

The men of the expeditionary forces have settled down into the routine of the new training very quickly and are progressing as rapidly as their officers expected. They are up at 5 o'clock in the morning and reach the training ground not later than 7:45, drilling and digging without interruption until 11:30.

After half an hour for lunch and another hour for rest they drill again from 1 until 4:30 o'clock. The men lunch in the field, having sandwiches and other cold rations prepared for them before they leave camp each morning. The French soldiers who are training the Americans rest from 11 to 2 o'clock.

They have field kitchens and eat a hot mid-day meal.

They are simply splendid. I have never seen a finer class of young officers anywhere. With very little preliminary guidance they have shown themselves capable of taking over active direction of the battalions. They have brought to their work not only much of the technique of professional soldiers but the high morale and enthusiasm of men who have been attracted to military service by natural inclination.

The colonel further expressed what seems to be the opinion of most officers already here, that as many of these officers from training camps as can possibly be spared should be sent to France at the earliest possible date to undergo intensive training in the actual war zone, and also to have experience in the trenches so that they will be fitted to act as instructors to the American troops as they are landed. There is a feeling that these young officers should not be held in America until the regiments to which it is proposed to assign them are actually formed, but should come in advance of their regiments so that they can direct the initial training of their men here.

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Under this plan a certain number of officers would be assigned more or less permanently to training duty

OFFICERS AGAIN RESTORE ORDER; TWO WHITES DEAD

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Chester, Pa., July 28.—State police aided by local patrolmen and volunteer guards were in complete control of the situation here today after a renewal of the race rioting in several sections of the city yesterday and last night. The list of colored victims in hospital increased by four as a result of the sixth out-break of the week which included three attacks in several parts of the town on negroes who ventured.

The casualties are now placed officially at two white men killed and more than 100 whites and negroes injured. A half dozen of the injured are in critical condition and nearly 100 rioters are under heavy ball.

Extra precautions were to be taken against further mob violence today during the funeral of William McKinney. The death of McKinney, who was stabbed by negroes Tuesday night, is blamed for the week of rioting.

Joseph McCann, the other victim, will be buried tomorrow. The 40 saloons and amusement places probably will remain closed until after the funerals. Colored workmen are being escorted to work by guards.

Of Chester's 81,738 residents, 20,000 are negroes, many of whom have been brought here recently from the south.

SUBMARINE SINKS BIG ELEVATOR FOR URUGUAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Amsterdam, July 28.—A German submarine has sunk a gigantic elevator for the Montevideo, Uruguay, waterworks which was being towed from Rotterdam to Montevideo by a Dutch tug which also was sunk.

RAILROADS SAY AGREEMENT TO DEMANDS WOULD MEAN CLOSED SHOP

ACTION WOULD BRING ON STRIKE OF OTHER WORKMEN

May Delay Traffic On Trans-
continental Shipping
Via Chicago

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Chicago, July 28.—The strike of

switchmen, belonging to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, which was called yesterday, became effective at 6 a.m. today on 19 railroads entering the Chicago district. At that hour it was impossible to say, representatives both of the switchmen and the railroads declared, whether all of the 2,500 men belonging to the order would go out, as the men report for work in shifts.

The first report came from the Van Buren street yards of the Chicago and Alton, where about 200 men failed to report for work.

Of the 6,800 switchmen employed in the Chicago switching district, according to the general manager's commission, 2,500 belong to the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, 2,500 to the Switchmen's Union of America, and 1,500 are either non-union or belong to some other labor organization.

James Murdoch, vice president of the B. R. T., in stating the grievances of the men, said they decided to strike after certain rules long contended for had been denied. The rules in dispute include the question of preference being given to yardmen in promotion to yardmasters or assistant yardmasters; the question of obtaining a rule which would prevent the companies from reinstating men justly discharged in disregard of the rights of other loyal yardmen and committee representing yardmen; and the matter of giving preference to members of the brotherhood in employing yardmen.

The railroad managers assert that to agree to the demands of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen would establish a closed shop, which would cause a strike of members of the Switchmen's Union of America.

All the police of the city have been held in reserve by Chief of Police Schuetter, who has placed his men at strategic points and is prepared to rush them to any point where violence is threatened.

The general manager's conference committee late in the morning announced that more than 25 per cent of the normal force was at work in the switching yards. All of the roads reported that their passenger service was little effected.

Announcement was made at the headquarters of the switchmen that 98 percent of six thousand switchmen employed by the roads quit work.

Freight traffic in the Chicago switching district was seriously hampered today.

Representatives of the railroad managers' conference committee asserted that more than 25 per cent of a working force was operating and that no serious results were feared.

The employees declared that full 98 per cent of the railroads' switching force had quit work.

No violence was reported through the morning.

FEDERAL OFFICIAL WATCHES

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Washington, July 28.—Commissioner Wm. L. Chambers of the board of arbitration and conciliation, was keeping in close touch with the situation in Chicago through Assistant Commissioner G. W. Hanger. Government officials looked upon the strike with some uneasiness in view of its probable effect in delaying important war shipments.

The biggest contract will be for building five miles of the Youngs-Connecant road in Ashtabula county.

SENATE TO VOTE ON NATIONWIDE DRY BILL EARLY IN WEEK

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Cleveland, O., July 28.—The senate will vote early next week to submit a federal prohibition amendment to the states, and will include a provision limiting the time of dependency for adoption by the states to six years, according to United States Senator Harding, who will deliver a political address here today.

Following the disposal of the prohibition amendment, the question of dealing with aliens and their exemption from military service will be taken up, the senator said.

It is already apparent that Premier Kerensky's rule of "blood and iron" is that of quelling the disorders that have threatened to disrupt the Russian armies and perhaps the Russian state. Kerensky is making the most of his dictatorship and will employ the most extreme measures to bring about a restoration of order.

With the aid of General Korniloff, Kerensky is applying the strong hand and there is now a hope that he may bring the nation through the troubles that have threatened it. He has shown that his command of the provisional government is to be supreme and he has won the com-



Premier Kerensky at his desk.

plete support of the ministers he has gathered about him. It is unlikely that the workmen's and soldiers' committee will make further efforts to oppose him.

Treason, the distemper that has almost demoralized the Russian armies and has permitted the great gains of the foe in Galicia at a time when it seemed that the war machine was at its greatest strength, has been met with the death penalty, a measure that Kerensky has enacted with the sanction and support of all his ministers. The new premises has also established a censorship of all publications and brought about a suspension of those that have been adjudged guilty of spreading the sentiment of disloyalty among the people and the troops.

As a result of Kerensky's many

quick and forceful actions the armies are already resuming something of their real fighting spirit and give promise of resisting the German attacks. General Korniloff, determined to rid his men of every trace of treason or cowardice has threatened to resign his command unless permitted to deal out the severest punishment. That he has Kerensky's support in this is seen in his recent artillery fire upon troops of his own that have shown treason and desertion.

Part of the big tract of land that

the 25,000 odd troops from Ohio

and West Virginia will occupy has

been used as a military camp and

the remainder of it has been given

attention by details of officers al-

ready sent to get everything ready

for the first body of troops. These

will complete the site so that when

the main body of the guard reaches

Montgomery very little will be put

in tents and the like will be re-

quired.

No statement was forthcoming as to the possible date of movement of the entire guard to the southern camp. This probably will be kept more or less quiet out of respect for requests by the government that no mention be made of movement of soldiers. It was the more

official view today that the order for

movement of ten units will be fol-

lowed within ten days by an order

for movement of the whole guard

with organizations of other states

on July 15 and for draft into federal

service on August 5. The opinion

came in its "last American camp" at Montgomery by that day.

UNARMED SOUTHERN PREPARE CAMP

Ten Units Get Orders to En-
train For Cantonment
at Montgomery

DATE OF DEPARTURE IS WITHHELD BY OFFICIALS

Whole Guard May Get Or-
ders Within the Next
Ten Days

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Columbus, O., July 28.—Movement of Ohio guard troops to the cantonment at Montgomery, Ala., is under way, according to official announcement made here today by United States army officers. Orders from Columbus last night reached 10 units made up of 2,000 men, to be prepared for movement on immediate notice. For military reasons the names of these organizations and the date of their departure will not be made known until they are safe at the Alabama camp.

The purpose in sending them south before the entire guard is to have service of the men in laying out the Ohio-West Virginia camp site.

A battalion of engineers will be included in the first detail to aid in this work.

Units from each complete regi-
ment compose the detail. There are nine of these. The companies des-
ignated were selected because their muster records were "in the best shape." It means virtually that these companies made the best showing after federal inspection. In two or three instances units

TEUTONIC AIM IS TO CLEAR AUSTRIA OF ENEMY TROOPS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

New York, July 28.—The Austro-German march through eastern Galicia and toward the Bukowina border is going on unchecked, so far as latest reports indicate. Apparently the Teutonic purpose is to give the retreating Russian forces no pause until Austrian territory has been completely cleared of them, if the achievement is possible.

In the west while there is no corresponding allied advance, there is at least an absence of German progress. The crown prince is the aggressive force at present, as he has been for some time past, but his liberal sacrifices of his troops are not gaining him any ground of consequence. Last night he met with a complete check in a renewal of his offensive on the Aisne front. The French lines were not penetrated in the whole field of the attack which took in a considerable sector of the Chemin Des Dames and Paris reports his losses as extremely heavy.

The British report a heavy fire from the German guns on the front near the Belgian border to the coast.

Evidences accumulates that the Germans in probable anticipation of a British attack here are giving fire to the extent of their ability, when the British guns open up, apparently with the intention of countering preparations for a thrust from the British lines.

Reports from the Russian women's battalion that engaged in the fighting near Smorgon recently and was badly cut up in the battle, state that German women were found fighting in the German ranks. Some of these women were taken prisoner.

Several shipping losses are reported. Among the lost vessels was the American bark Carmela, 1379 tons sunk by submarine shell fire, the crew of 20 men taking to the boats and landing safely. The Norwegian steamship Thorisdale, of 2200 tons gross was another.

Despatches from abroad announce the landing of another contingent of Americans troops at a European port.

RUSSIANS ARE RESISTING

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Berlin, July 28, via London.—On the front commanded by Arch Duke Joseph the Austro-Germans are nearing the Preuth plateau below Kolomea in Galicia, says the statement issued today by the German war office. In the wooded Carpathians the Teutons have taken some high positions from the still resisting Russians.

GERMANS REPULSED

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Paris, July 28.—After a violent bombardment last night returned to the offensive on the Aisne front delivering a series of attacks. The war office announces that the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses.

STOUT HEARTS NEEDED

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Petrograd, July 23.—Premier Kerensky, referring to the situation in Russia said: "It is a spectre of anarchy which needs to be obliterated. Stout hearts and stern hands are required to stay the rout in the army. There is plenty of good material in Russia but it has been allowed to go to waste."

GERMAN VESSELS UNDER U. S. FLAG; SOON IN SERVICE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Boston, July 28.—Two German steamships, the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, and Cincinnati were placed under the American flag at the Boston navy yard today. The America, another German ship, will be commissioned Monday. The vessels have about 70 per cent of their complement, consisting of regular seamen and reserves and will be ready for service shortly, officials said.

Members of the fourth class naval reserve on duty with the patrol fleet in the first naval district were asked today to volunteer for the general service. In compliance with orders received at the Boston Navy Yard from Washington. The men are wanted, officials said, to make up the complement of transports, including several seized German ships which are being prepared for service. Officials had no orders as to the status of men who do not wish to enlist for the general service.

Our Want Ads Bring Results.

(Political Advertisement.)

NOTICE TO DEMOCRATS

To Democratic Voters: A report has been circulated, that owing to the fact that I have made application for army service, that I was not seriously a candidate for City Solicitor. I desire to correct this erroneous report and say emphatically that I am seriously a candidate for City Solicitor, as I have no assurances that my application for army service will be accepted. I appeal to you as fair-minded and patriotic citizens, and ask whether you think making an application for army service should be a reason for not voting for me.

I can assure you that the application was made from purely patriotic motives. Please give this your kind consideration.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES W. MILLER.

YOUTHFUL OFFICERS SEEK YOUTHFUL BRIDE AND GROOM

Probate Officer Dwyer and Mrs. Miller are seeking a boy named Stingers and a girl named Clark. There is a report that they obtained a marriage license somewhere and were married. The boy is 17 and the girl 13.

GERMANS BLAMED FOR TROUBLE IN PAN AMERICAN MINE

Labor troubles which developed in the mines of the Pan-American Coal company, near Zanesville, yesterday, were quickly adjusted, according to Wayne Collier, general manager, who went to Columbus this morning on business. According to Mr. Collier, the trouble was due to the agitation of German sympathizers and federal agents were notified and promptly took a hand in the matter. This morning the men resumed work as usual.

WILL TRAIN NON COMS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

New York, July 28.—Because of the great demand for corporals and sergeants for the new army, it was announced here today that classes would be opened where men who expected to be drafted might be instructed in the work of non-commissioned officers. The new army will require 70,000 corporals and 50,000 sergeants.

PALZER DIES; FATHER IN JAIL

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 28.—Al Palzer, the boxer, succumbed this morning in a hospital at Perham to the gunshot wound inflicted by his father late Thursday. The father is in jail. Palzer had tried to protect his mother during a quarrel between his parents.

JAP DESTROYER HITS HOSTILE SUBMARINE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

London, July 28.—A Japanese torpedo boat destroyer smashed the periscope of a hostile submarine in the Mediterranean and undoubtedly destroyed the undersea boat, according to news received here today.

GOLDMAN OUT ON BAIL

New York, July 28.—Emma Goldman, the anarchist, convicted of conspiracy to obstruct the selective draft law, brought here from the federal prison at Jefferson City, Mo., for hearing on an appeal from the sentence, was today released on \$25,000 bail.

FUNERAL OF MRS. HARTER.

The funeral of Mrs. George Harter of Hebron, will be held Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. Mr. White will officiate. Burial will be made in Fairview cemetery.

THE BOARD

The board is now working upon the list, making out the notifica-

119 ELIGIBLES TO REPORT FIRST DAY FOR EXAMINATION

One hundred and nineteen draft eligibles in Newark city and Newark township will be ordered to report for examination the first day, according to members of the city draft board which went to work this morning on the master list which was received from the Columbus office of the provost marshal during the night.

Instructions of the provost marshal will be followed closely by members of the board said this afternoon. Twice the number in Newark quota, 179, will be ordered to present themselves for examination. This means that 358 will be ordered to report in groups of 119. At the present time one knows how many can be examined in a day but it is the belief of the board members that it will be impossible to dispose of 119 men each day.

Inasmuch as work was started only this morning on the official list, it will be several days before the notices are mailed. Those numbers applying to Newark must first be checked and the notices written from the local lists containing the serial numbers. This task will require several days. The work will be rushed as rapidly as accuracy will permit.

Announcement was made that Drs. Städem, Mitchell and Davis would assist Dr. Knauss in making the medical examinations of the eligibles.

As the registrants have five days to report for examination after the notice to report is received and as the local board is unable to estimate how long it will take to prepare the notifications for mailing, the time of the first examination is problematical. It is not likely that the work will start before August 6 or 7.

FIRST EXAMS AUGUST 6.

Granville, July 28.—First examinations of draft eligibles to furnish the county's quota in the new selective army, will be held here Monday morning, August 6th when 100 men will appear before the exemption board for physical and other examinations. This announcement was made this morning by C. D. Coons, executive officer of the county draft board.

Prof. Coons interprets the instructions contained in the rules and regulations for the physical examination, included with the master list which was received this morning, as meaning that one-third of the eligibles may report the fifth day after the notices have been received, one-third the sixth day and one-third the seventh day. As the board was instructed to order 302 men for examination the instructions will mean that 100 men will appear each day. Two physicians will assist Dr. Loveless the board's medical examiner.

The board is now working upon the list, making out the notifica-

PROSPERITY BULLETIN

No. 34.

"In addition to our usual Spring and Fall schedules, we are, for the first time in our history of thirty-one years, launching a Summer advertising campaign."

The Markham Air Rifle Company, Plymouth, Mich.

tion cards and these will be mailed as soon as possible. It is probable that the work will not be completed before Monday.

EXAMINATIONS ARE STARTED IN SOME DRAFT DISTRICTS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Columbus, Ohio, July 28.—Physical examinations of men called in the first selective draft started in a few districts in the state today and will be in full swing throughout Ohio by the first of next week.

Boards in a number of districts are arranging to start as late as Wednesday. In Columbus all district boards will have central headquarters at the courthouse to prevent confusion among men, a large per cent of whom do not know their districts. This policy for cities having more than one district has been recommended by the state registration officials.

The second master list was sent out early today, following one mailed yesterday to each board, but boards are not required to have two lists before beginning work. The two lists were sent separately to prevent loss in mails.

The first thing now is physical examination of every man. Where there are defects certain to bar, examinations will be cut short. If a man has but one leg, one arm, or one eye, the full examination will not be necessary.

Interest at state headquarters now centers in the probable per cent of physically-qualified men. The governor requires double the number wanted from each district to report for examination, so it is taken to mean that 50 per cent of those examined will not be fit for service. This per cent may run far greater, as indicated in reports from many parts of the country where examinations already are under way. If the per cent is greater, districts expecting to examine only twice as many men as their quota may find they must examine three or four times as many.

The probable time it will take to complete the big task therefore is problematical.

MARRIED BY JUSTICE.

Arthur Spellman and Miss Rhoda J. Sharp were married yesterday morning by Justice of the Peace D. M. Jones.

HOLLWEG WANTED TO WITHDRAW BUT PLEDGE WAS GIVEN

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

London, July 28.—An article characterized as "difficult to interpret" regarding the origin of the war is published by the Times. The writer recalls a reference to the speech in the Reichstag last week of Hugo Haase, leader of the Socialist minority as reported in the Leipziger Volks Zeitung to the meeting July 5, 1914, as one of the things which must be explained before the origin of the war is fully understood.

According to the Times' informant this probably will become the most famous date of that fatal month. He says a meeting was held at Potsdam, those attending being the emperor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Admiral von Tirpitz, General von Falkenhayn, Dr. William Stumm, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Archduke Frederick of Austria, Count von Berchtold, Austrian foreign minister, Count Tisza, premier of Hungary, and General Hoetendorf. They decided all the principal points of the Austrian ultimatum to be dispatched to Serbia. Eighteen days later it was recognized that Russia probably would refuse to submit thereto and that war would result, but the meeting definitely decided to accept that consequence.

The emperor then went to Norway with the object, says the writer, of throwing dust into the eyes of the French and Russian governments. Later when it became known that England would not remain neutral Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg wished to withdraw but it was too late.

Herr Haase's reference, adds the Times' informant, was well understood by the majority of his hearers for the subject was discussed in the Reichstag budget committee eight weeks previously and created a great sensation. The government was challenged to deny the story but did not.

In his address to the Reichstag Herr Haase attacked the government's home and foreign policy and demanded immediate peace negotiations, atonement for wrongs committed and the establishment of a Socialist republic.

USE LIBERTY BREAD.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Washington, July 28.—"Liberty Bread" is the term to be encouraged by the food administration as applied to substitutes for wheat flour rather than the phrase, "War Bread," used in every other warring countries. "The name 'war bread' gives the impression that there is something inferior about the bread made of substitutes for wheat," says an announcement.

Miss Mina Hohl of Hudson avenue went to Columbus yesterday where she is visiting Miss Margaret McAllister for a few days.

Utmost Return From

Savings In The

"Old Home"

This year of all years, thrifty people wish their savings to earn the utmost income, **CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY.**

This "OLD HOME" offers savers especial facilities for maximum earnings for their funds.

Call or write for folder explaining our service for savers—**"Three Ways We Receive Savings."**

The HOME Building Association Co. NEWARK, OHIO.

High School Girls

Complete your course at the

NEWARK BUSINESS COLLEGE

Time is Money

Don't waste time, but enter this college on September 4th. You don't have to spend two, three or four years to get a business education.

A Few Months Here

Will prepare you for a good position.

Get Information Today

Auto Phone 4523

NEWARK BUSINESS COLLEGE

D. P. McDONALD, Principal

Round Trip, \$37.75

(Children under 12, half fare)

The Steamer Lakeland, a steamship freight steamer of the most modern design. She carries general merchandise on the up-trip, and flour from the Minneapolis and St. Paul mills on the down trip.

As the passenger business of this company is a side-product of their freight traffic, the steamers of this line do not require additional crews for the handling of passengers, thereby making it unnecessary to draft men from productive industries during the war.

FEATURES

A piano and victrola are maintained on the Lakeland for the pleasure of the passengers and dancing is indulged in every evening.

For those who desire to take trips while the boat is at Gladstone picnic lunches will be furnished.

Automobiles, motor-boats and sail boats can be obtained at Gladstone at moderate rates.

Remember--\$37.75 Covers Everything for the Six-Day Trip. Children Half Fare

This is one of the most delightful trips in the world. The steamer leaves Cleveland on sailing dates at 11:00 P. M. The cruise takes the passenger through Lake Erie, the Detroit River, Lake St. Clair, The Flats, justly termed, "The Venice of America," and on up the beautiful St. Clair River, past Port Huron and through the St. Clair Rapids into Lake Huron, second largest body of fresh water in the world. Early morning finds the ship passing the bluffs of Thunder Bay and entering the Straits of Mackinac. A stop of five hours is made at historic Mackinac Island. Leaving the island at 6 P. M., the site of old Fort Michilimackinac on the mainland is quickly passed. Just across the Straits is St. Ignace, the spot where Marquette established his first mission. Past the Garden Islands and Beaver Island the ship goes in the night, and morning discovers the entrance to Green Bay. This is an entrancing sheet of water. On its west shore, and guarding the entrance to Little Bay de Noquetes, is Escanaba, the great iron ore and lumber shipping port. Seven miles up the bay, and reached by a tortuous channel and protected by towering hills, is Gladstone.

This Will Make a Vacation Trip Long to be Remembered

Make reservations early. The boat leaves Shepherd's Dock, 1078 West 11th St., Cleveland, at 11 P. M., Monday, July 2; Wednesday, July 11; Friday, July 20; Sunday, July 29; Tuesday, Aug. 7; Thursday, Aug. 16; Saturday, Aug. 25. Passengers may come aboard at 9 P. M.

War Gods Favor Entente Allies As Third Year Of the World Conflict for Democracy Closes

FINANCES OF FRANCE ARE UNSHAKEN BY THREE YEARS OF WAR, SAYS PARIS EXPERT

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Paris, July 28.—French finances have been unshaken by the war in the opinion expressed to The Associated Press by Charles Gide, of the University of Paris, an eminent authority on economic questions, discussing the outlook at the beginning of the fourth year of the conflict.

"France," said M. Gide, "has spent about 70,000,000,000 on three years' military effort. Yet in the thirty-six months of hostilities, the French people are investigating in short-term treasury bonds as freely as they were two years ago, at the rate of about 1,000,000,000 a month."

As evidence of the excellence of French credit, M. Gide pointed to the co-operation of the United States, which, he said, brings formidable aid to France and her allies. "This," he continued, "not only removes all doubt concerning the result of the war from a military standpoint, but relieves the financial situation by diminishing the drain upon French gold."

The money which France has spent to sustain her military effort inside the country swells the figures of her outlay to immense proportions, but this outlay cannot be considered a dead loss except in such proportion as is spent for steel, explosives, and other material made to be destroyed. Increased prices paid for every commodity, it must be remembered also, has vastly increased the revenues of the French people.

Before the war these revenues were 30,000,000,000 to 35,000,000,000 francs. Now they are 50,000,000,000 francs annually. These figures show that, formidable as the war debt may

appear at first sight, the problem of its liquidation is not alarming after all.

France can stand another year of war quite as well as she stood the third year. It would be embarrassing for her to pay in gold for everything bought abroad, but this difficulty has been relieved by the credit generosity granted by the United States.

France will go through the war financially sound, will reconstruct her industries rapidly and her international situation will be liquidated without causing any economic upheaval.

Referring to the situation of other belligerents, M. Gide said:

"I do not think any country will be ruined by the war. All are more or less in the same situation as France. The only real drain upon their resources is what they pay abroad. The best expenditure is that which might be called fictitious; that is, the transfer of money from the pockets of some citizens to the pockets of others, a transfer in which a great many new fortunes have been built up but in which the real riches of the country have been left untouched."

Referring to the economic measures to be taken after the war and to complaints by Germany of an effort by her enemies to ruin her economically, M. Gide said:

"The talk of an economic war after the belligerents lay down their arms has almost subsided. I consider it neither possible nor useful for Germany to be crushed commercially. She will be vanquished on the battlefield, her military power will be crushed, but she will be left free to work out her own economic destiny."

STATE TAXERS ASK ECONOMY AND LOW TAX RATE IN 1917

Greater economy and lower tax rate is urged by the tax commission of Ohio in a letter sent to the budget commission and county auditor. The letter declares that Ohio people already are making patriotic sacrifices and that only in extreme cases of necessity should the tax rate be increased. Attention is called to the fact that tax valuations this year show an increase over 1916 and that additional revenue will be received without increasing the rate. "The budget commission should impress upon the officials of each taxing district the need of economy in order that no additional burdens may be placed upon the people at this time," says the letter.

DETROIT WINNERS RACE IN COLUMBUS WEEK OF AUG. 6TH

During the current week at Detroit, Busby's Lassie won the \$10,000 M. and M. trot and Ben Ali the \$5,000 Board of Commerce pace. Each one of these notable victories will race in Columbus week after next during the mid-summer Grand Circuit meeting, that starts on Monday, August 6th and is to finish on Friday, August 10th. Many more horses have been nominated for the various starts and purses. Cleveland and Detroit meetings of the last two weeks were bumper ones. The Columbus event is expected to be up to the high standard.

Busby's Lassie, little bay mare, is expected to race in the S. and S. \$5,000 stake though she is eligible to the \$3,000 Neil House stake. Walter Cox no doubt will shoot her into the richest of the two. If she does start in the S. and S., she will compete on Tuesday, August 7th.

Ben Ali, splendid-looking pacer, did a third heat in the Board of Commerce—Detroit fixture in 2008 1-4. That showed him to have stamina. He ought to go faster over the Columbus track, quite a bit better than the one at Detroit. His Columbus engagement is in the Ho. Col. Deshler 2-10 stake for \$3,000 and it will be raced on Tuesday, August 7th.

SUMMER SCHOOL CLOSES AFTER SIX WEEKS OF WORK

The Newark summer school closed yesterday after a successful six weeks' period. The school was in charge of Miss Cora B. Haughey as principal, with 11 teachers, and a kindergarten in charge of Miss Marjorie Lawhead. The kindergarten was independent of the summer school, but closed Friday also. The summer school enrolled about 365 pupils.

GERMANY CALLS FOR GOLD JEWELRY

Amsterdam, July 28.—The daily recurring public notices printed conspicuously here in German newspapers entreating Germans to aid their fatherland by giving it their gold evidently is productive of insufficient results. The *Weser Zeitung* of Bremen publishes a renewal of the appeal complaining especially that the well-to-do public still fails to realize the situation and that all gold must be handed in.

The newspaper makes examples of members of the German imperial and royal princely houses sacrificing their gold and jewelry and says competent authorities calculate that three to four hundred million coins are being hoarded in Germany while the value of gold ornaments is estimated at a billion marks.

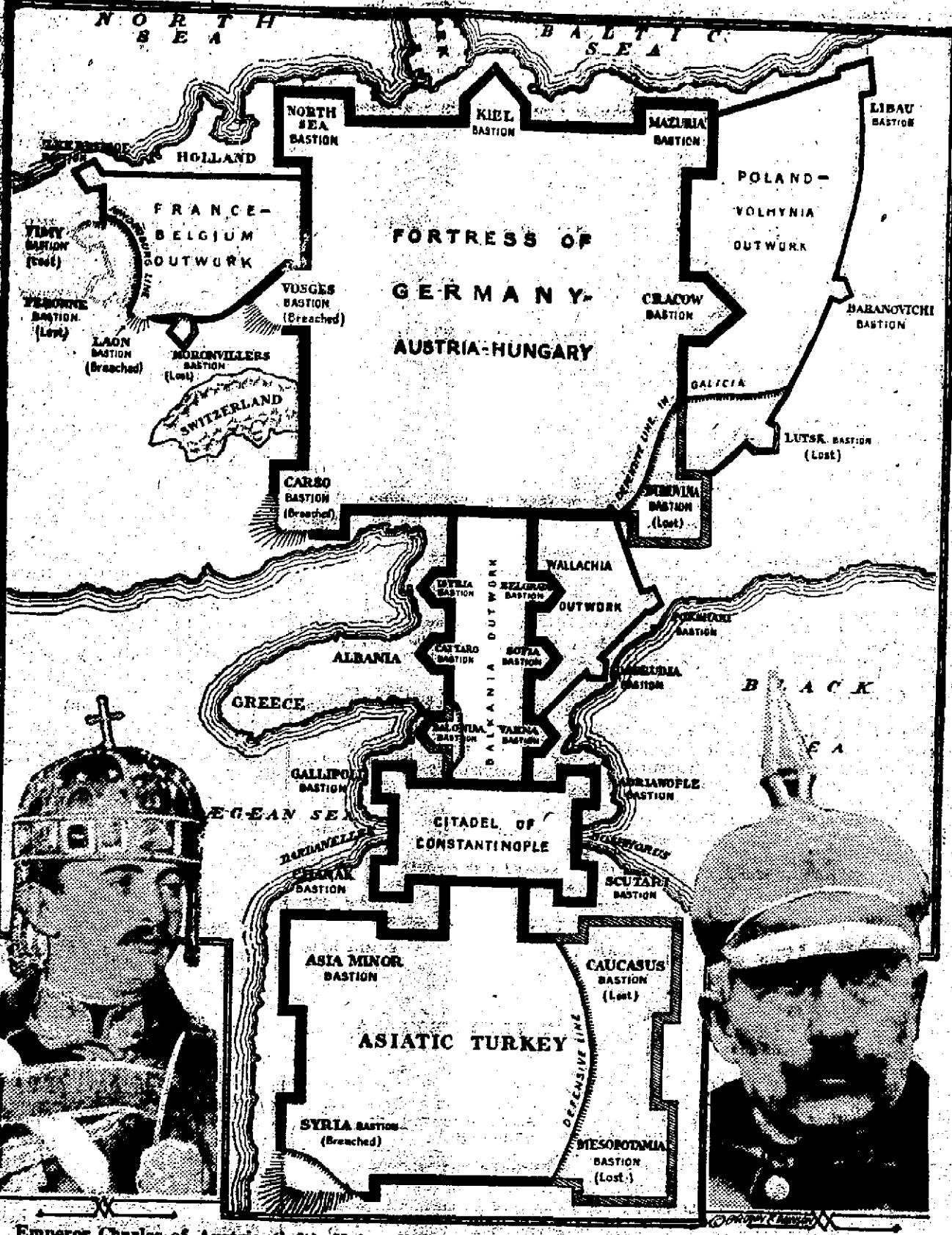
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DR. A. W. BEARD

Dentist

Front Building—First Floor—Room 201
Telephone—Office 2004—Residence 2000

CENTRAL POWERS MAY BE LIKENED TO FORTRESS UNDER SIEGE



Emperor Charles of Austria (left), Kaiser Wilhelm and diagrammatic view of the Germanic fortress.

The Austro-Germanic military position is depicted as two fortresses, Austria-Germany and Turkey, connected by a barbican (Balkans). Across the barbican stands Constantinople, barring the Dardanelles and Bosporus or conquest is shown as three utworks. Two of these are now considerably shattered.

MILITARY AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN FRANCE AND ENGLAND ARE IMPROVED; CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA THE ONLY FLY IN THE OINTMENT

The third year of the world war closes with the fortunes of conflict favoring the entente, except for the uncertainty as to the outcome of the Russian situation.

The central powers sustained momentous setbacks, both military and political, during the twelve months.

On the western front in Europe the Teutons find themselves at the advent of the fourth year. They fight on lines newly established after forced retirement from terrain which they had won in earlier days at a tremendous sacrifice.

Meanwhile, new enemy powers, notably the United States, have been drawn in by the central powers and progress toward the achievement of the ultimate aim of the entente and its allies has been furthered by political disturbance which will remain memorable in the history of all times.

Chief among these are the fall of Russia, and Constantine of Greece. In Russia's autocracy has given way to a republic. In Greece a kingdom remains, but not a pro-Teutonic one, entente pressure having won supremacy in this part of the Balkans.

Political events within the German and Austrian empires, featured by the fall of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, have led to open discussions of peace in the German reichstag as the fourth year dawns.

In Great Britain, the third year closed with Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, returned to the cabinet with the portfolio of minister of munitions.

Portugal and Rumania threw in their fortunes with the entente shortly after the third year began. The United States entered in April, followed by Cuba and Liberia. Panama pledged the United States her aid in defending the Panama canal. Costa Rica put her naval bases at our disposal. China, Bolivia, Guatemala and Brazil severed diplomatic relations with Germany. Uruguay expressed her sympathy for the United States. Late in July, Siam entered the war against the central powers.

Three new nations were born during the year. Poland was created a kingdom under German and Austrian direction. In Mecca the Arabians overthrew Turkish rule and declared independence. In the Balkans, liberty was restored to Albania, which was established as a republic under Italian political protection and with French military aid.

An estimate made two months before the end of the third year—voiced by Arthur Henderson of the British war council—placed the number of men killed at 7,000,000 since August, 1914. French general headquarters recently estimated 1-

GERMAN PEOPLE MUST FREE THEMSELVES FROM OPPRESSION IF THEY WANT PEACE

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Paris, July 28.—France begins the fourth year of the war in calm confidence and determination, expressed today by Premier Alexander F. Ribot in these words:

"Until the people with whom we are at war finally awaken and free themselves from the detestable regime that oppresses them, nothing will stop the allies in their effort that will bring back peace to the world by the triumph of their arms."

At the request of the Associated Press, the premier wrote:

"The entry of the United States into the conflict that is pending in the world was the capital event of the third year of the war. It was welcomed with enthusiasm by the allied people. They know what may be the effort of the American soldiers who have come to fight by their side."

"That event resounded mightily throughout the entire world. Certain Latin-American states where France received touching marks of sympathy

on the duty of her national fate already have shown, by breaking off relations with Germany, that they had a clear vision of the German peril.

"Greece, wracked from the intrigues of a foreign faction, is preparing to send fresh contingents to fight with us on the Macedonian front. The cause of national liberty in all countries is finding more ardent advocates who are heard with increasing attention.

"The empire, disappointed in his insensate hope of stopping ocean navigation, disillusioned in his effort to sap the courage of the allies by false offers of peace, can do no more than to seek to envelop the origins of his criminal enterprise in a veil of untruth.

"May the peoples with whom we are at war finally awaken and free themselves from the detestable regime that oppresses them. Until then nothing will stop the allies in their effort that will bring back peace to the world by triumph of their arms."

the third time in the war. These operations forced the Austro-Germans to relinquish lines they had held throughout the winter of 1915-1916.

The Halicz bridgehead fell in September, but the subsequent advance on Lemberg was not prosecuted because the plight of Rumania demanded the transfer of Russian troops to aid their Balkan ally.

After the Russian Revolution, the Russians made a feint to advance on Pinsk to cover the actual operations resumed in July against Lemberg. This latter front extended 18-1/2 miles. Known as "Regiments July First," these troops, reinvigorated by the consciousness of political liberty, confounded German military prophets by the magnitude and extent of their offensive.

Except for submarine operations, naval writers have found little to engage their attention during the past year.

Germany continued to rely on U-boats.

This policy led to unrestricted warfare which drew the United States into the conflict.

U-boats destroyed an estimated gross tonnage of more than 4,000,000 during the year. This included 2,000,000 flying the British flag sunk from Feb. 25 to July 1.

America's destroyer flotilla arrived in British waters in May. Without the loss of a ship or a man, American warships convoyed the first American troops to France. Two submarine attacks were made on the transports. At least one U-boat was sunk. American warships took over from British and French vessels the patrol of American coasts. Brizel added her navy to ours in South American waters.

Today announcement was made that still another contingent of American troops had landed safely in France.

Before the third year closed, however, Russia's offensive suffered a collapse. German spires, anarchists, peace fanatics and other agitators succeeded in destroying the morale of some of the Russian troops in Galicia, here a retreat became necessary when unit after unit refused to obey orders.

Brizez, Halicz, Tarnopol, Stanislaw and Kalomea were lost, together with all the remaining ground gained during the offensive. The Russians surrendered many prisoners, heavy guns and an abundance of supplies and ammunition.

The death penalty was invoked as a check to further insubordinations and the provisional government introduced "blood iron" in an effort to avert disaster.

South of the Carpathians and in the Vilna region there was little disaffection among the Russian troops.

Italy, declaring war against Germany on Aug. 28, began a more vigorous prosecution of her earlier offenses.

With dramatic swiftness the Third Army, under the Duke of Aosta stormed and captured Gorizia, hitherto considered impregnable. By January 1 the Italians had captured 1,200 square miles.

After a winter of artillery duels, Italy resumed her offensive on the Carso front in the campaign toward Trieste. Within a month the Austrian lines were broken from Castagnavizza to the sea. Italy inflicted losses of 85,000 on the Austrians and lost heavily herself. Austria hurried reinforcements from the Russian front.

In the Trentino the Italians took the offensive in June and after fierce fighting captured the Austrian positions on Monti Ortigara and Agnello pass. These they held as the third year closed.

Meanwhile the battles of Chambrai and the Aisne had been carried on by the French, who in April captured Aubérive. In the first days of Chambrai offensive, one of the greatest struggles of the war, the Germans sustained an estimated loss of 100,000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners through their desperate defensive operations.

Fighting in these regions continues after three months, during which the French had advanced from one to five miles along a 50-mile front. The present French line runs from northwest of Soissons, through Rethel to Aubérive.

In June, 1917, the British began an attack on Messines and Wytschaete in an effort to straighten out the Ypres salient. Again British flyers dominated the air. The British had spent an entire year mining the earth for this offensive, which was begun with an explosion so terrible that it was heard in London, beyond Messines, for two miles east and northeast. The British won and consolidated ground, captured more than 7,400 prisoners and big stores of artillery. Gaining every objective, they placed themselves astride the Ypres-Comines canal, having advanced three miles on an eight-mile front.

Portuguese and Belgian troops aided in this offensive. In recent days the fighting there had been confined to raiding operations.

It is estimated that during April, May and June the Germans suffered 250,000 casualties on the western front.

The Russians, having in June, 1916, begun an offensive from the Prut Marshes to the Romanian frontier, speedily captured Czernowitz and the rest of Bukovina, together with Brody in Galicia, and in August they entered Stanislaw for

The big drive on sale of tickets for the Chautauqua will begin at 8 o'clock Monday morning, when 15 teams of business and professional men will meet at the Chamber of Commerce, obtain their prospects, and call upon them. The drive is under the direction of the civic bureau and it is the expectation to cover the territory in two hours.

At the same time, women of the Federation of Women's Clubs are making a similar drive. They met at the Chamber of Commerce Friday afternoon, with Mrs. Henry S. Fleek, vice president, as chairwoman, and mapped out their campaign to dispose of their portion of the tickets. They began their sales Monday and expect to conclude Monday.

The civic bureau of the chamber has acted as guarantor of the Chautauqua, and it is necessary to sell 300 adult tickets at \$2 each to meet the expenses. It is an educational, community affair, and because of the splendid program provided, is of greater interest than ever. The features relating to the war which have been added are very timely.

A. S. Mitchell, chairman of the ticket campaign, urges those who have pledged their services to report to the Chamber of Commerce promptly at 8 o'clock Monday morning.

Pastors of the various churches are urged to make some announcement to their congregations tomorrow and ask them to co-operate in making the Chautauqua a success.

NEW COAL RATES SEPT. 15 ORDERED BY FEDERAL BLD.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Washington, July 28.—General readjustment by September 15 next of rates on bituminous coal from mines in Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, Kentucky and Ohio to Lake Erie ports for transhipment at Kiel-el-Amara, in February, and of Bagdad, terminus of the Ber-

JIMMY LONDOS MAKES BIG RUSSIAN OUT

Canton, O., July 28.—Jimmy Londos, Greek, aged 21, weight 183, who falls from the west for Riva Linow, of New York, Russian, weight 255, to give up, after one hour and ten minutes, last night when he secured his perfected scissors on the arm, dislocating Linow's elbow. Linow was unable to continue. Strangler Lewis of Kentucky, challenged the winner by telegram, and he probably will meet Londos in the next big event here. Both Londos and Linow have defeated Dr. Roller, of New York, here recently.

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CHICHESTER S. PILLS

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1000 ft. long and 600 wide

with 1000 ft. of beach

and 1000 ft. of beach

THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE

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Entered as second class matter March 10, 1882, at the postoffice at Newark, Ohio, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

NEWARK CHAUTAUQUA.

The Newark Chautauqua will open next Wednesday, August 1, and continue for a week. It will bring to this city a series of delightful entertainments, music, lectures, dramas, all of the highest type at a very moderate cost. The Chautauqua this season is to be centrally located on the lot that was recently occupied by the Bromley tabernacle and the Rotary exposition.

The sale of 750 season tickets guaranteed for two or three years by the Federated Clubs and last year by The Advocate, has this season been assured by the civic bureau of the Chamber of Commerce members of which assisted by club women will on Monday undertake to dispose of the required number of tickets at two dollars each. One who buys a Chautauqua ticket will not only be sure of getting his money's worth of genuine entertainment and real instruction but will at the same time assist materially in the community uplift. The Chautauqua is sure to succeed.

A HOME GUARD.

The withdrawal of the militia leaves both the local communities and the state without sufficient protection unless Home Guard is organized. In some places organizations are being formed, weekly drills are taking place and steps are being taken to be of service.

The Akron Home Guard of which George P. Atwater is colonel in command, was perhaps the first to be organized. A meeting was held April 3 at which 27 men were present. They were sworn in by the mayor and each was instructed to enlist a platoon of 24 citizens for active service. The next day the lieutenants mustered their men and the mayor administered the oath. Weekly drills commenced at once, ten companies of four platoons each having been organized and a captain has been elected for each company. The guard is now protecting the city's water system, 16 men being on duty continually and the guard is in training to render such other service as may be required. Each active member of the Home Guard, unless excused by his Lieutenant, is expected to fulfil the following duties:

(1) To pay \$1.00 a month membership dues.

(2) To attend the appointed drills and reviews.

(3) To perform one day's service at Camp Akron.

(4) To respond to emergency calls when issued by the Mayor of Akron, the Commanding Officer of the Home Guard, or by the Captain of his Company.

FRANCE POINTS WAY.

France is again pointing the way to wisdom for this country. It is not so long ago that prejudice against England was as strong in France as it ever has been in America, but the French have learned the lesson of this war and know now who may be depended upon when it comes to rallying the forces in favor of liberty and justice. Miss Gertrude Lynch, the special correspondent of The Vigilantes in France, gives this bit to show the change that has come over France:

"I heard a French woman say when the disaster of Neuve Chapelle first became known, 'Well, of course Tommy had to stop and have his cup of tea.' Such a comment would not be made today, for Tommy of the trenches and the poohs are real friends. They go arm-in-arm

Daily History Class—July 28.

1888—The British dispersed and partially destroyed the Spanish armada by means of fire ships.

1891—Samuel Sants, printer, who first put "The Star Spangled Banner" in type, died; born 1800.

1914—Austria declared war on Serbia. Russia moved troops toward her western frontier.

1915—To date German submarines had killed 1,550 persons on British merchantmen and 22 on neutrals.

1916—Russians captured Brody, an important railway junction northeast of Lemberg, an Austrian disaster.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Sun on the meridian of Washington at 6 minutes 13 seconds after 12 o'clock. Saturn rises shortly before the sun and is very dim.



ESTABLISHED IN 1820.

FACTS ABOUT OUR NAVY.

(By Lieutenant Fitzhugh Green.)
Lieutenant Fitzhugh Green is one of our navy officers who is not content to do merely his duty as such. That is why he writes articles to inspire interest in the work of the navy and to keep the public patriotic. A true vigilante is he in writing his weekly sketches, exhortations in his spare time. His naval service includes two years with the farthest north Crocker Land expedition, in which he acquitted himself with distinction.

A 14-inch gun is built up from eight or ten hoops or steel tubes. Each is turned to an exact fit less several thousandths of an inch, then heated red until expansion permits it to be drawn on. It cools and stretches not only by its thickness but by the grip of its shrinking.

The first or inner tube has helical grooves to give rotation to the shell just as in any sporting rifle. Tremendous firing pressures between fifteen and twenty tons per square inch combined with acid gases and other products of explosion cause erosion or wearing away and pitting of the grooves. Inner tubes must be renewed periodically. The life of the gun, so-called, is about 150 shots. Since frequent target practices are held few years elapse before the guns must be taken ashore and refitted. The total cost of retubing a 14-inch gun is in the neighborhood of \$25,000.

Besides the inner erosion constant shocks of explosion crystallize the whole steel structure. Crystallization of metal may be likened to the drying of cheese. At first the mass is relatively tough and elastic. After the heat punishment of protracted firing gun tubes weaken and become brittle. Microscopic examination reveals contraction and disintegration of metal particles just as cracks and crumbly sections occur in a cheese. Further use of the gun is dangerous. Sometimes the crystallized state is reached sooner than was expected. The guns crack or burst. On the Michigan fifteen feet of a 12-inch gun broke off and fell on deck. On the next load the gun captain, having opened the breech to report, "bore clear," shouted, "There ain't no bore!" Fortunately no one was killed.

The charge of a 14-inch gun is 385 pounds of smokeless powder put up in four silk-linen bags. The back end of each bag is painted red and contains about four ounces of black powder called the ignition charge. A brass primer similar to a rifle cartridge except it has no bullet, ignites the black powder which in turn sets fire to the smokeless powder. Contrary to popular belief there is no real explosion but a progressive burning of enormous rapidity. Vast volumes of gas at high temperature and pressure are produced, forcing the projectile out.

A 14-inch shell weighs 1,400 pounds, is five feet long, and contains a bursting charge. Twelve strong men lift one with difficulty. Yet from the gun it can sink a battleship 12 miles away. It travels at the rate of 2600 feet a second or a mile every two seconds. On striking it expends an energy of 65,687 foottons, or enough to transport a load of two tons to twice the height of Mt. Everest.

CRIME OF THE PACIFISTS.

(By Hapsburg Liebre.)

We are making history now, my American brother, and this history is going to be written in lines of truth. There will be none of the prejudiced, lying and distorted bunk that has, unfortunately for us all, been in our school histories heretofore; there will be no attempt to blot out any such matters as the Bladensburg affair. A spade is going to be called a spade, hereafter. And just where is the pacifist going to stand—after the war is over?

Yes, a spade is going to be called a spade, and a Benedict Arnold will be called a Benedict Arnold. The new America, and the new England and France and Russia and Italy and sure to look with contempt toward these traitors and the blood of these traitors. The pacifist of today is an enemy of world democracy. There will be no place in the future for these persons who sought to put on the shoulders of another generation the task of ridding the world of Prussianism; these persons who still seek, at this late hour, when public sentiment and the righteous wrath of the earth's finest nation is turned against them, to put the sand of cowardice into the machinery of the already slow-acting government, will be pariahs. Yes, perhaps. That's a long thought, and it's a thought that deserves your attention—if you have any leanings toward pacifism.

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MASONIC TEMPLE

Consecration and Festive

CALENDAR

Newark Lodge, No. 57, F. & A. M. Friday, July 21, 7:30 p. m.
Friday, August 3, regular.
Masonic Lodge No. 584, F. and A. M. Thursday, August 9, 7:30 p. m.
State Communication.
Warren Chapter, No. 6, R. A. M. Monday, August 6, regular.
St. Luke's Commandery, No. 24, K.T. Tuesday, July 21, 7:30 p. m.
State Conclave.
Log Cabin Council, No. 7, R. & B. M. Wednesday, August 1, 7:30 p. m.
Regular.

Loyal Order of Moose
Licking Lodge, No. 499, will meet first and third Wednesdays at 7:30 o'clock.

Crystal Spring Water. It is pure. All bottles cleaned daily. Phone for sample. Auto 2250. Bower & Bower. 1-14-41

Try that 50c noonday lunch at the Sherwood. More for your money than elsewhere and real service. A la carte evenings, 5:30 to 7:45. 7-16-17

Crystal Spring Water is pure. 7-16-17

PRIVATE SALE OF PROPERTY. I will receive sealed bids for residence located at 242 Granville street, until August 1, 1917, with right to reject any and all bids.

Property may be seen by calling at Ideal Exchange, 12 West Church street.

Terms—One-third cash, balanced to suit the purchaser.

JDA BILLINGSLEY, Administrator, 12 West Church Street, Newark, O. 7-16-17

CREAM BREAD—delicious—All in the making and baking. Try loaf today. The Home Bakery 3670 auto phone. 7-25-51

Callender Cleans Clothes Clean. 1-5-41

Ice Cream Social, July 28. Ice Cream and Cake social at Y. W. C. A. Saturday evening 6 to 9. 10 cents. 7-27-d-21

NOTICE. We have steady employment for a number of good men. Preference given to those desiring to learn the business. No loafers wanted. Apply at once.

THE LICKING CREAMERY CO. Elmwood Court. 7-24-41

Removal. Lucy M. Connel, Fire Insurance agent, No. 1, Lansing block, with I. M. Phillips, Real Estate Dealer. 7-24-41

Coal on Track. We have some cars of extra quality lump coal on track for sale. We'll make a specialty of car orders. Quality unexcelled. Morgan & Roberts, 22 E. Canal street. 7-25-d-41

DR. W. B. NYE

Office removed from Maholm street to 33 East Church street, new building opposite Second Presbyterian church. Auto telephone 2181. 7-27-d-1-mo

IN MEMORIUM. Why pay an extra commission when you can get a suitable memorial or marker and save the commission by buying from The Newark Monument Co., 136 East Main street, Newark. We ship direct from our quarries in car load lots and do not employ agents.

July 24, 26, 28, 30; Aug. 1, 2, 3, 16, 17, 29; Sept. 3, 14, 16, 25; Oct. 2, 6, 11, 17, 21, 29; 28-11

"LITTLE SPECK IN GARNERED FRUIT" famous O. Henry story, at the GRAND tonight. 28-11

CAMPERS AND FISHING PARTIES

Fred, Boats, Fishing Tackle and Transportation from Sandusky to Kaukauna Island and back again given with cottages which respectable parties can rent for \$12.50, \$10 and \$7 per week, all furnished. Best bathing, boating and fishing—a fine vacation outing cheap—a private camp not everybody's place, a block from famous Cedar Point. Open to fishing and outing parties until No. 1st. Address,

LOUIS E. WAGNER, 7-28-31&2-2

Sandusky, O.

Standard Grade Grand, upright and player pianos. One price, cash or time. T. W. Leah, 61 Hudson avenue. Phone 4562. 7-28-31-mo

W. R. C. Funeral Notice.

Members of the Women's Relief Corps will meet Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Lamb, 104 North Seventh street, to attend the ritualistic services for Mrs. Eva S. Bloomer at her home at 4:30 o'clock. Officers and members are urged to be present.

Bible Students.

Will meet in the Convention room of the Court House next Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

May Stack Burns.

A stack of hay belonging to D. L. Bilo was burned when struck by lightning Wednesday night on his farm near Adams Mills. The loss was \$45, which was covered by insurance.

Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. Lester Newkirk, 535 Maple avenue, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

Tombstone Destroyed.

The trial of a Hungarian woman charged with the destruction of a tombstone was postponed until 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. An interpreter was needed before the trial could proceed.

Takes New Position.

Ted Devilin of Morris street has gone to Mansfield, where he has taken a new position in the Ohio Reformatory.

CHALMERS HAS
NEW AGENCYPROPOSE TO CAN
LEFT OVER FOODS
FROM THE MARKETS

Arrangements were closed last week with Columbus-Chalmers, Central Ohio Chalmers Distributors, and the Service Auto Company for the Newark and Licking county agency for this well known line of motor cars.

Trusdell Stevens of the Service Auto Company is very enthusiastic over the new Chalmers line which consists of ten models, built in various body styles, including a five and seven passenger model, a duplex with seating room for four passengers, a sturdy roadster, a cabriolet, a light and sensible sedan, a limousine, a landau, an 80-mile per hour speedster, and a town car of ultra smart lines.

"Chalmers' owners may feel that the Chalmers motor car has a good home in Newark," said Mr. Allison. "We are now arranging for service for owners that will properly provide for everything that may be needed. We shall carry a good stock of parts so that delays will be reduced to the minimum, and we shall employ mechanics who know Chalmers cars from the ground up."

Mr. Allison said that, prior to his firm's selection of the Chalmers line, he was convinced of Chalmers' efficiency throughout the report of a wonderful performance of a Chalmers car in Columbus when one of the five passenger cars was taken in high gear and driven through traffic for 12 hours on a slow speed test, making the remarkably low speed average of 2.78 miles per hour, traveling only 33.4 miles in 12 hours without in the least degree heating the motor, not once stopping it. Following this, a severe test was given along an opposite line by driving the car at high speed for another 12 hours over the road from Columbus to Newark, and repeating the performance until 374 miles had been covered, at an average rate of 31.6 miles per hour.

Reports that have reached the Service Auto Company indicate that the new Chalmers line has caused a big sensation in automobile circles. Every model is one of beauty, comfort built in with Chalmers quality. There is plenty of leg room for the driver, and the spring suspension and deep cushioned upholstery leave nothing to be desired in luxurious comfort.

Birth Announcement.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Vantata of Riley street, a son, July 23. Walked in Sleep; Fell.

Charles Guttridge, aged 17, living at 123 Wing street, while asleep, fell down a flight of 20 steps Thursday morning at 1:00 o'clock dislocating his right shoulder. He was unconscious for two hours. Dr. D. M. Smith was called and set the injury. Church Street Lights Ready.

The transformer which has been delaying the erection of the cluster lights on Church street between Third and Fourth, has been received and erected and the lights will be lit for the first time this evening. Director Christian stated today.

Dean Davis Improved.

Dean Davis of the Atherton barbershop is up today but is still weak from his experience yesterday. Complications of stomach and blood trouble caused the attack of fainting. Dr. Jackson, who is attending the young man, is hoping for his complete recovery in a few days.

Civil Service Exam.

Miss Anna Sheridan conducted a civil service examination in the Newark Business College today. There were nine applicants for the position of rural mail carrier of St. Louisville.

A. F. F. W. SUPPLIES WORTH \$186; SIXTH SHIPMENT

A. F. F. W. workers yesterday sent its sixth shipment of boxes to France. Its valuation is \$186.40.

The last shipment of supplies was sent June 12, and in the intervening weeks the following supplies have been made by many willing hands: 42 hospital shirts, 72 comfort pillows, four pajamas, 24 bed pads, 10 comfort bags, 17 dozen arm-slings, seven brown linen arm-slings, 246 muslin bandages, five knitted sponges, 250 large gauze compresses, 1000 small gauze compresses, 80 gauze meters.

During the months of August and September the work rooms on the third floor of the Y. M. C. A. will be open Tuesday and Friday mornings, instead of all day Friday. Please come and help.

ICE AND MILK TICKETS

FOR THE NEEDY POOR

Free ice and sterilized milk tickets for the needy poor are being distributed through the Salvation Army through the kindness of a friend of the army in this city. Applications can be made to the commanding officer. All cases are investigated to see that the help is given only to those families really requiring assistance. The milk tickets furnish sterilized milk for the use of infants.

AFFIDAVITS FILED IN

WEST NEWARK FIGHT

Chief of Police Sheridan has filed affidavits against William Shaw and Henry Kisnick, who engaged in a fight in Union street, Thursday afternoon. Mr. Kisnick lives at Swamp Lane, between Hebron and Kirkerville, and will be called here to answer to the charges filed.

Chief Sheridan is determined that indiscriminate fighting, such as took place Thursday, shall not remain unpunished.

There is nothing unusual in having a bee in your bonnet. Every bonnet begins with a b.

PROPOSE TO CAN
LEFT OVER FOODS
FROM THE MARKETS

Several Newark women who have been instrumental in carrying out the work as planned by Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator, for the Council of National Defense in the way of promoting food canning demonstrations and asking housewives to sign cards for the conservation of food, have still another idea which they wish to present before the public.

Trusdell Stevens of the Service Auto Company is very enthusiastic over the new Chalmers line which consists of ten models, built in various body styles, including a five and seven passenger model, a duplex with seating room for four passengers, a sturdy roadster, a cabriolet, a light and sensible sedan, a limousine, a landau, an 80-mile per hour speedster, and a town car of ultra smart lines.

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It is the idea of these women that if the farmers would be willing to donate the food, produce which they do not sell, the women are willing to can this food and give it to the Associated Charities. This would need to be done either on Wednesday afternoon or Thursday morning using the food left from the Wednesday morning markets.

T. E. Adams of the People's markethouse, was asked about a storeroom and he gladly consented to donate a room in the basement of the markethouse for the storage of the food, and where it would be accessible to the Associated Charities, and where the farmers could see that the food they donated was used to a good purpose.

In Columbus, municipal canning has been done and the women there have met with great success in their undertaking.

It was suggested that young girls would be glad to aid in the preparation of the food for canning, and no doubt, others who know about the project would offer their services in some other way.

PETROGRAD FOLKS
DON'T GO TO WORK
UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK

Donald F. Stevens, superintendent of the B. & O. here, received a letter from his brother, Gene, who accompanied his father, John F. Stevens, minister plenipotentiary and head of the Railway Commission to Russia a few months ago.

The following extracts were made from the letter:

"Petrograd, Russia, June 18, 1917. "We arrived here last Tuesday night, after our great trip of nine and a half days across the Trans-Siberian Railway. We ran a seven car special all the way, in the charge of Mr. Mitinsky, connected with the ministry of ways and communications. The line is made up of eight or nine railways, under government control. They use a 4' foot gauge and the first class cars are larger than the American cars, I think. All the stations are full of soldiers.

"We were received very cordially all along the line and here at Petrograd.

"The commission collected data all the way over, inspected yards, shops, etc., and got information from different men concerning their own districts.

"While we are here, we have a fine, large room for our office down at the Ministry of Ways and Communications. The Commissioners are looking up data, giving ideas, and trying to show them our way of running a railway.

"Petrograd is a queer place. It never gets real dark, even at midnight, and the thing to do is to walk between the hours of 10-2. Nobody goes to bed till 2 and nobody does any work till about 10. Cab drivers make you pay terrible prices, and its the same all over. \$1 for a bar of 10 cent chocolate. There is no copper or silver money—just paper. Even the change is in stamps and paper.

"I don't know whether you will ever get this, because the mails are so uncertain, but if you do take care of yourself."

Your loving brother, GENE."

CONFERS WITH AMBASSADOR

Copenhagen, July 23.—German ambassadors report that the German ambassador at Constantinople, Dr. Richard Von Kuhlmann, has been ordered to Berlin to confer with Dr. Michaelis, the imperial chancellor. In German political circles it is believed that Dr. Von Kuhlmann will be appointed to succeed Dr. Alfred Zimmermann as secretary of foreign affairs.

ANSORINE RIDES
SCALP OF DANDRUFF

And Makes the Hair Grow—Read What They Say in Texas.

Saratoga, Tex., Oct. 15, 1916.

The Ansorine rub did my hair a lot of good, and had I kept it up I would have had more hair than I knew what to do with. My hair has not fallen out since I used it and I can recommend it to anyone desiring his scalp worked on. It seems to make the hair fall out pretty fast at first, and then it stops and goes to growing. I suppose that it is the dead hair that comes out at first, so as to give place to new hair.

Yours with best wishes,

E. E. THOMAS,
General Sales Agent, E. E. Thomas & Co.

Get a box of Ansorine today from A. P. Teusner, the West Main street barber, and stop dandruff and make your hair grow.

28-11-Adv.



Watch!!!

For some years, various and sundry concerns have been making beverages which are grouped under the general description of "near-beer."

Then came Bevo—a cereal beverage, not a "near-beer," but offered purely for what it is—a delightful, wholesome and nutritious drink. Bevo met with instant and complete success. A whirlwind success.

Owing to Bevo's popularity, some beverages are now being offered in a way to make the appearance of the package look as much like the Bevo bottle as possible. The intention is obvious. But you don't taste the shape of a bottle—it's the flavor of the contents of the bottle that you must depend upon for enjoyment.

Then beware of impersonators—don't be satisfied to try to identify Bevo by the shape of the bottle alone.

Look !!

There are these certain identification marks that are your protection against imitations. Not just imitations of the product, remember—but those more insidious imitations which try to deceive you by putting an old failure into a bottle similar to a new success. So look for these unmistakable marks of the genuine Bevo—demand that the bottle be opened in front of you, then

Look for the Seal

See that it is unbroken covering the Crown Top. Look at the Crown Top, and see that it bears the Fox

Be sure the Bottle bears this Label

Listen!

Bevo is a pure drink. This means more than that it contains pure ingredients—it means that though you might often well be afraid of possible germs in milk or water, Bevo, being a pasteurized product in sterilized bottles, is absolutely free from bacteria.

Bevo is a nutritive beverage—the fine cereals from which it is made give it this quality.

Bevo is

AUGUST DELINEATORS ARE HERE

These Hot Days---
Call for Cool Muslin Underwear

Unusually nice garments are marked at popular prices
AT 75c GOWNS AND COMBINATION SUITS

Well made and trimmed with pretty lace or fine embroidery.

GOOD GOWNS AND
ENVELOPE CHEMISE AT 68c

A big assortment of pretty styles all nicely made and trimmed, embroidery, lace and ribbon

PRETTY DRESSES AT 50c
FOR LITTLE GIRLS

These are in sizes from 2 to 6 years. Neat white dresses made of fine lawns, with fine tucks, lace and embroidery trimming. In colors, pretty plaid gingham in fancy plaid. It won't pay you to make them, when you can buy these pretty dresses at... 50c each

FOR SUMMER AUTO TRIPS

LIGHT WEIGHT COATS

Will be very serviceable. Made of linene crash and mohair, in loose fitting styles that slip on and off easily. Prices... \$2.50 to \$7.50

W. H. Mazer Company

MIDLAND MUTUAL MEN



WE DON'T WANT to sell you life insurance merely for the sake of 'selling' you, but we DO WANT to give you real, constructive life insurance advice, and if you will act upon our suggestions in the matter of life insurance you will not be a life insurance misfit either as to plan or insurance or company
"IF IT'S LIFE INSURANCE, ASK US—WE KNOW"

(Political Advertisement)

D. M. JONES IS
CANDIDATE FOR
NEWARK MAYOR

D. M. JONES.

To Editor of Newark Advocate:

Dear Sir:—Please tell it in your valuable paper that (at the request of many friends) the undersigned announces himself as a candidate for Mayor of the City of Newark. Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries, Aug. 14th.

D. M. JONES.

(Political Advertisement)



Editor Advocate:—Please announce my name as Democratic candidate for the nomination of City Auditor at the coming primary.

Respectfully,

CLYDE M. HARRIS

When You Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy
For Burning, Itching, Itchy Eyes
Buy It at Your Drug Store
MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS
Price 50c
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO

It's all right to look out for number one, but lots of sympathy is wasted on ourselves.

Churches

St. John's Evangelical.
Fifth street and Poplar avenue.
Emil N. Kraft, pastor, Bible school
9:15 a. m., German service 10:30
a. m. No evening service, sewing
circle Wednesday, Evangelical
League Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Woodside Presbyterian.

Rev. D. A. Green, pastor; Sunday
school 9:15, morning worship
10:15, theme, "The Heroic in
Christian Service, Endeavor 6:30;
evening worship 7:30, theme "Seek-
ing-Finding, prayer meeting Wednesday
evening 7:30. At the evening
service a plan will be offered
to keep in touch with enlisted boys.

U. B. Church.

U. B. church, East Main street.
A. B. Cox, pastor, Sunday School
9:15, morning worship 10:30, En-
deavor 6:30, evening worship 7:30,
prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p.
m. Thursday at Mount Builders' park
will be a big union picnic of
all the U. B. churches of the country.

Tenth Street U. B. Church.

M. R. White, pastor. Sunday
school 9:30 a. m., preaching 10:30.
Christian Endeavor 6 with a Bible
study, preaching at 7:30. The
county U. B. picnic will be held at
the fair grounds on Thursday of
this week.

St. Francis de Sales.

Masses every Sunday at 7 and 10;
baptism at 1; Benediction at 3 p. m.,
unless otherwise announced. On
holy days masses at 6 and 7. Ser-
mon at every mass. B. M. O'Boyle,
rector.

Christian Science.

First Church of Christ, Scientist,
166 Hudson avenue. Service Sunday
11:00 a. m., Sunday school at
9:45 a. m., Wednesday evening meet-
ing at 7:30. A free reading room is
maintained at 803 Newark Trust
building which is open daily except
legal holidays, from 12 m. to 5:00
p. m.; Saturday evening 7:00 to
9:00. Here the Bible and autho-
rized Christian Science literature may
be read, borrowed or purchased. The
public is cordially invited to attend
the church services, also to visit the
reading room.

Spiritualist Church.

The First Spiritualist church will
hold services in the Welsh church
on Elmwood avenue Sunday at 7:30.
Lecture by Rev. F. A. Ceney, sub-
ject, "America."

Pine Street C. U. Church.

Sunday school 9:30, sermon sub-
ject "The Great Call"; junior 2
o'clock, evening sermon 7:30, Wed-
nesday prayer meeting 7:30 p. m.
Y. P. S. E. Friday at 7:30, Thurs-
day church and Sunday school punc-
tice at Mountbuilders park.

Second Baptist Church.

A. E. Cowley, pastor. Sunday
school at 9:15, preaching at 10:30;
"Royalty to the King," 6:15. B. Y.
P. U., 7:15 preaching. "Has Christ-
ianity Failed?" evening sermon
will be the third "War" message on
"Has the War Proved the Failure
of Jesus?" Wednesday 7:15 prayer
meeting.

Holy Trinity Lutheran.

West Main and Williams streets,
Rev. R. A. Houk, pastor. Sunday
school at 9:15, morning worship at
10:30, subject of sermon "The
Family of God," evening worship at
7:30 p. m., subject of sermon
"David's Sin."

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.

Federal Place and South First
street, Rev. Geo. Bohon Schmitt,
pastor. Eighth Sunday after Thin-
king. Bible school at 9:15 o'clock,
morning worship with sermon by
pastor at 10:30 o'clock. Luther
League devotional service at 6
o'clock, theme, "Things that Last";
evening worship with sermon at 7
o'clock, mid-week service Wednes-
day evening at 7:30 o'clock.

First Baptist Church.

Fourth street between Locust and
High, 9:15 a. m. Sunday school
hour, 10:30 a. m. worship, sermon
topic: "Selecting a College, or Get-
ting the Right Kind of an Education."
There will be no evening
preaching service in this church.

Plymouth Congregational.

Grover L. Diehl, pastor. "Christ's
Initiative" will be the pastor's
theme Sunday morning 10:45; in the
evening 7:30, the pastor will speak
on "Yourself and God," Wednesday

FARMERS! DOES
THIS INTEREST YOU?

We have just received a
car of American Steel Fence.
Fence is hard to get. Is
there danger of the stock
getting into that nice field of
growing corn? This car of
fence will not last long. Do
not delay, but secure what
you will need while it is to
be had.

CHAS. U. STEVENS,
37 South Third Street
Citz. Phone 2118.



What a pity
she doesn't know that
Resinol
would clear her skin

"She would be a pretty girl, if it
wasn't for that pimply, blotchy complexion!" But the regular use of Resinol
Soap, aided at first by a little Resinol
Ointment, would probably make it clear
fresh and charming. If a poor skin is
your handicap, begin using Resinol
Soap and see how quickly it improves.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap usually stay
firm and strong, and help skin to heal easily and quickly.

THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE

evening, prayer meeting at 7:30.
Church cool and comfortable, equipped
with fans.

Church of Christ West Main St.
J. A. Lytle, pastor, Sunday school
9:30, morning worship 10:30;
theme "Security in Christ," evening
worship 7:30; theme "The
Pre-eminence of Christ" prayer
meeting 7:30 Wednesday.

Second Presbyterian.
Second and Church streets, Don
D. Tullis, pastor, Sunday school at
9:30, morning worship 10:30, League
6:45. Rev. L. E. Lee of Cincinnati
will preach in absence of pastor.

First Presbyterian.
Sunday school 9:15 a. m., morning
worship at 10:30 sermon by Dr. Bunyan
Spencer of Granville. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:15 p. m. There
will be no evening service.

First M. E. Church.
Sunday school 9:15, morning
worship 10:30, theme "Where Are
You Going?" Epworth League 6:30;
class meeting 6:30, evening worship
7:30 theme, "The Without and
the Within of Life," prayer meeting
10:30 a. m. No evening service.

Trinity Church.
Trinity church, corner East Main
and North First streets, the Rev.
Lewis P. Franklin, rector. Holy
communion 7:30 a. m. Sunday
school 9:15 a. m., morning prayer
and sermon by the Rev. Dr. Smythe
10:30 a. m. No evening service.

Lodges

AMERICAN INSURANCE UNION.

Newark Chapter No. 24, A. I. M.
met Thursday evening with a full
attendance. Five Juniors and two
Senior applicants were received.
Four candidates, Mr. and Mrs. Ed.
L. McIntosh, Gail W. Christman and
Wm. M. Price were given the obliga-
tion and secret work. Also, 24
Juniors were present for adoption in
the Junior Department as follows:

Mary Black, Florence Ewing, Dorothy
Dennis, Marie Trickey, Lucille
Gilmour, Mary Ebner, Martha
Schultz, Delores Wien, Josephine
Mullock, J. Thomas Bucy, Franklin
Anderson, Roy F. Powell, John C.
Moore, Arthur L. Cook, C. Irvin
Cook, Edward S. Bucy, Charles J.
Ebner, Gordon B. McIntosh, Orville
E. McPeek, August Fredrick Miller,
Joseph F. Commerford, Carl E.
Double, Eugene C. Vest and Orlean
R. Vest.

The following program was rendered:
Piano selection, "Dance of the
Deamon," by Margaret Sullivan;
reading by Mary Elizabeth Young;
piano selection, "Bugsler's March,"
by Dorothy Dennis; reading, by
Edward Bucy; dialogue, by J. Thos.
Bucy, Roy Powell, Arthur Cook, C.
Irvin Cook, Orville E. McPeek and
Joseph F. Commerford; reading, by
I. Marie Trickey; piano selection,
"Idle Moments Waltz," by Mary
Ebner; reading by Arthur Lee
Cook. Ice cream and cake were
served. Another Junior night will
be given in September for the adop-
tion of a large class of candidates.
The next regular meeting will be
held August 9th.

K. O. P.
Newark Lodge.

The regular weekly meeting of
Newark Lodge, No. 13, held Thurs-
day evening, was well attended. The
session although short, was interest-
ing throughout. The sick members
are improving. One application was
voted upon and elected to membership.
An invitation was received and accepted
from the Uniform Rank to attend their picnic at Buck-
eye Lake on August 16, and this
promises to be some picnic. Next
Thursday evening the t-square rank
will be conferred on a class of
pages.

PYTHIAN SISTERS.

Alberta Temple, 355, Pythian Sisters,
met Wednesday evening, all officers
except one being present. Four
candidates were present for
initiation. Mrs. Anna Schnaitt, as
installing officer, assisted by Mrs.
Edith Smith, grand manager, and
Mrs. Priscilla Henry, grand senior,
installed the following: Jessie Lit-
ten, P. C.; Flora Gibbs, M. E. C.;
Estella Provin, E. S.; Virginia May-
er, E. J.; Marie McPeek, M.; Rena
Bader, Pro.; Minnie Christman, I.
G.; Carrie Schnaitt, M. R. C.;
Katie Johns, M. F.

After the work of the evening was
over the entertainment committee
invited every one to the dining
room where a fine supper was
served.

I. O. O. F.
Newark Lodge.

Newark Lodge met Monday evening
with a good attendance and an
excellent meeting. District Deputy
Grand Master Willis Smith was
present and installed the following
officers: Noble Grand, J. K. Wood-
ward; vice grand, D. B. Linton; R.
S. to N. G. W. F. Oatman; R. S. to U. G.
Carl McMillen; L. S. to U. G., Wal-
den, W. T. Morrison; conductor, H.
H. Gregg; chaplain, E. A. Howard;
I. G., A. L. Thomas; O. G., J. G.
McArthur; R. S. S. Wm. Flisk; L. S.
S. W. Cosner.

Next Monday evening important
business will be taken care of which
vitally concerns every member.

LADIES AUXILIARY, OLIVE 10.

Ladies Auxiliary Olive No. 10,
will meet Wednesday, August 1 at
7:30 p. m.

DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS.

Tent No. 25, D. of V., met Tues-
day evening with a good attendance.
Regular routine business was trans-
acted. Further arrangements for
the Red Cross work were made. The
Circle has several sewing
machines and the members are
enthusiastic over the work. For the
good of the order, Comrade James
Wilson gave a talk on the officers
with whom he was personally ac-
quainted during the war. Miss
Julia Fletcher, a member of Tent
No. 32, Fredericktown, gave a
splendid reading. The tent pre-
sented the new tent at Granville with
a set of five silk flags. The presi-
dent desires a full attendance at the
next meeting, August 14.

2312 Job Printing.

July Clearance Sales

YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO
MISS THE CLEARANCE SALE

---MONDAY---
And Each Day Next Week

This Store Is Distributing Merchandise At a
Saving of 25 to 100 Per Cent Throughout
Central Ohio

By a saving of 25 to 100 per cent, we mean that there is most all kinds
of merchandise throughout the entire store selling today, tomorrow and
the days following at Clearance Prices that will cost you at the very least
calculation at least from 25 to 100 per cent more within one year from this
time.

Understand we are not advocating the hoarding of merchandise but the
buying of home necessities that you absolutely need right now or that you
are going to need within the next few months.

In this way you do your bit by keeping the mills running and giving em-
ployment to wage earners throughout the country and at the same time
practicing the true principles of real economy. Think it over for yourself
and see if you don't think it a splendid plan to buy and save now. You
find attractive Clearance Prices throughout the entire store all next week.

THE STORE
THAT SERVES
YOU BEST
Meyer & Cindel
EAST
SIDE OF
THE SQUARE

Former Pastor To
Deliver Lecture.

Rev. J. N. Scholes, of Johnstown,
Pa., former pastor of Central
Church of Christ, will lecture next
Monday evening on "Uncle Sam's
Trouble." The lecture is one of the
numbers on the lecture course pre-
pared by the Ushers' Association for
the summer months.

Rev. Mr. Scholes' lecture is in-
structive as well as entertaining and
where he has delivered it, the dis-
course has been highly praised.

To Be Given at Taylor Hall, Y. M. C. A.,

Monday Evening, July 30

Admission 25 Cents
Tickets on Sale at Y. M. C. A. and Burch Gift Shop.

The Ohio Light & Power Co's
Rental Bulletin

The following houses for rent are
wired for ELECT